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Inhalation device and protective casing.

An inhalation device comprising:

- (a) an inhaler (13) including a housing which comprises a mouthpiece and actuation means to prevent dispensing from the reservoir until a patient is ready to inhale through the mouthpiece, and,
- (b) a protective casing (1) surrounding the inhaler, the casing comprising a body portion (2) and a movable cover (3) which may be displaced to allow a patient access to the mouthpiece to use the inhaler, causing relative movement of the inhaler (13) and a blisting means (15) within the protective casing (1) thereby cooling the inhaler ready for use, characterized in that the cover (3) is pivotally attached to said casing (1) and a cooling link (7) is pivotally mounted at one end (8) to the cover (3) has a portion (9,10) in pivot engagement with the inhaler or blisting means, whereby opening of the cover causes movement of the cooling link (7) and inhaler (13) relative to the blisting means (15), such that the pivot points (8,17) of the cooling link (7) and the pivot point of the cover to the casing (2) pass through a straight line position to an overcenter position at which the inhaler device is cooled.

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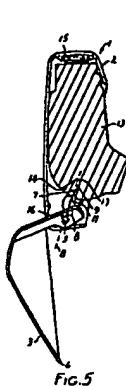


FIG. 5

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from the proximity of the user's facial airways, and to restrict or breakage at the actuation point resulting from accident or clumsy handling, etc.

(b) movement of the inhaler within the casing is completed in a straight line substantially free of obstructions and with reduced likelihood of jamming.

The invention will now be illustrated with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figures 1 to 4 illustrate an inhalation device comprising a medical inhaler having a protective outer casing incorporating a cooling mechanism in accordance with the present invention;

Figures 5 and 6 illustrate sections through the device with the movable cover in the closed position and the inhaler uncooled;

Figures 7 and 8 illustrate sections through the device with the movable cover fully open and the inhaler cooled for use;

Figure 9 is a front view of the device in the cooled position of Figures 5 and 6;

Figures 9 and 10 represent partial sections through the protective casing of a device in accordance with the invention which is cooled to accommodate second dispensing of different drugs;

The second dispensing is outlined in Figure 1 to 3 to more fully illustrate the cooling mechanism.

Referring to Figure 1 to 3 an inhalation device comprises a protective casing (1) adapted to receive a breath activated second dispenser, which casing comprises a body portion (2) and a movable cover (3). Casing (1) defines a chamber (4), in which the second dispenser (5) is pivotally mounted about (6) allowing the patient to convert the device from an inactive closed format, in which the cover is in a home position (as depicted in Figure 1 and 4), to an open format in which the cover is fully displaced (as depicted in Figures 2, 3 and 5). The act of opening cover (3) provides the cooling link for the second dispenser and allows the patient access to a movable port, such as a nozzle or aerosol nozzle, through which dispensing may be achieved. The inhaler is maintained in the closed format while not in use as a compact, compact shape minimising contamination from dirt and moisture, insects etc. Cover (3) is selectively pivoted provided with a stop (8) to prevent fully displacing the cover in its closed position.

The cooling mechanism comprises a set of braces (7) which pivot about (8) on cover (3), such that opening of cover (3) causes braces (7) from a home position (as depicted in Figure 1) to a fully displaced position (as depicted in Figure 2 and 5). The direction and extent of braces displacement is defined by the engagement of brackets

(9) (9) and (10) with housing recesses (11) and (12) respectively. Recesses (11) and (12) are oriented such that displacement of cover (3) drives the bracket in a direction along the longitudinal axis of both casing and inhaler (represented by arrow 'X').

Referring to Figures 4 and 5, the second dispenser (13) is located within chamber (4) by the provision of a groove (14) on the surface of dispensing (13) which precisely engages the upper surfaces (17,18) of vibrobrake bracket arms (9) and (10) respectively, such that the second dispenser abuts against cooling spring (15), thereby stably sealing the dispenser.

In use, the device is held in the hand such that the longitudinal axis of the body portion approximates to the vertical. Full displacement of cover (3) disposes braces (7) to fit the dispenser in a straight vertical path, without any rubbing contact with the internal surface of the body portion, thereby compressing cooling spring (15). Subsequent refection of spring (15) upon device closure, i.e. patient inspiration, provides a necessary force for dispensing the second drug relative to the outlet nozzle (16). In an alternative embodiment, cooling spring (15) may be replaced by a deformable elastic member.

Body portion (1) and groove (14) are configured such that unacted dispensing (for purposes of clarity) is located. Cover (3) is physically obscured about (6) allowing the patient to convert the device from an inactive closed format, in which the cover is in a home position (as depicted in Figure 1 and 4), to an open format in which the cover is fully displaced (as depicted in Figures 2, 3 and 5). The act of opening cover (3) provides the cooling link for the second dispenser and allows the patient access to a movable port, such as a nozzle or aerosol nozzle, through which dispensing may be achieved. The inhaler is maintained in the closed format while not in use as a compact, compact shape minimising contamination from dirt and moisture, insects etc. Cover (3) is selectively pivoted provided with a stop (8) to prevent fully displacing the cover in its closed position.

The extent of brace displacement and hence its impact on the dispenser is proportional to the extent of the initial opening of the cover. Minimum dispense (16) and therefore spring compression is completed by displacing the cover through about 15°, whereas fully opening the cover requires a displacement of about 105°. The cover thus reaches a stopped position when displacing the cover. During the first 15° of displacement, the cover works to compress the spring which reaches a maximum when pivot point (8) passes through a straight line position defined by the upper surface (17) of braces arm (9) and pivot point (9) (illustrated by dotted line (2) in Figure 10), to an overcenter position at which the device is cooled.

The device may then be converted between

This invention relates to medical inhalers, and in particular to an improvement to the protective casing surrounding a metered dose inhaler, the casing comprising a body portion and a movable cover which, when displaced to allow the patient access to the device, acts as a cooling lever for the priming of the inhaler.

Medical inhalers comprising an aerosol vial containing propellant and medicament and equipped with a dispensing valve, e.g., a metered dose valve communicating with a mouthpiece, are known. Such inhalers may be incorporated in a housing including a breath activated mechanism to synchronize dispensing of the medicament with inspiration by the patient. An example of such a device is commercially available from MIMASCO Medical Manufacturing Company, under the trade name AUTOMAHLER and is disclosed, for example, in European Patent Application No. 0 000 023 023 023 of Inhalation device comprising:

(a) a breath-activated inhaler comprising a medicament reservoir mounted within a housing which comprises a mouthpiece and breather-tube means which prevents dispensing from the reservoir until a patient inhales through the mouthpiece, and

(b) a protective casing surrounding the breath activated inhaler, the casing comprising a body portion and a movable cover which may be displaced to allow a patient access to the mouthpiece to use the inhaler, causing relative movement of the inhaler (13) and a blisting means (15) within the protective casing (1) thereby cooling the inhaler ready for use.

The present invention provides a cover arrangement which primes the inhaler for use upon opening the cover.

According to the present invention there is provided:

(a) an inhaler including a housing which comprises a mouthpiece and actuation means to prevent dispensing from the inhaler until a patient is ready to inhale through the mouthpiece, and

(b) a protective casing surrounding the inhaler, the casing comprising a body portion and a movable cover which may be displaced to allow a patient access to the mouthpiece to use the inhaler, causing relative movement of the inhaler and a blisting means while the protective casing thereby cooling the inhaler ready for use. In which, the cover is pivotally attached to said casing and a cooling link is pivotally mounted at

one end to the cover and has a portion in pivot engagement with the inhaler or blisting means, whereby opening of the cover causes movement of the cooling link relative to the inhaler or blisting means, such that the pivot points of the cooling link and the pivot point of the cover to the casing pass through a straight line position to an overcenter position at which the inhaler is cooled.

The cooling link provides a simple, robust and effective method of priming an inhaler for use, by coordinating the act of opening the casing with cooling of the inhaler mechanism.

Preferably, the cooling mechanism includes guide means to define the movement of the portion of the cooling link engaging the inhaler or blisting means. Generally, the cooling link includes at least one guide arm, typically two, engaging a suitable track or the like in the body portion of the cooling link portion (preferably, the inhaler or blisting means) is partly defined by both the direction and length of the track. In a preferred accommodation, the cooling link comprises a vibrobrake bracket having two arms, each arm engaging a corresponding guide recess in the body portion of the protective casing. The cooling link preferably seats directly on the inhaler.

The cover arrangement of the invention may be used with known metered dose or breath activated pressurized inhalers. For a conventional pressurized inhaler comprising a cylindrical aerosol vial containing propellant and medicament and equipped with a dispensing valve, the inhaler is intended to be used in a substantially vertical position, in which the valve is lowermost relative to the vial. The cover may either be pivoted about a point lower than the inhaler, or about a point above the inhaler. Alternatively, the inhaler is generally contained in a substantially vertical position along the axis of the inhaler. The cover arrangement may also be used with dry powder inhalers which require priming prior to use by the patient.

The cover arrangement of the invention is found to possess a number of advantages, e.g.:

- (a) access to the aerosol dispenser and removal of the same, for cleaning purposes, breaking small obstructions etc., is readily and simply effected without disassembly of the device;
- (b) the cover when fully closed provides an effective seal restricting the ingress of contaminants, e.g., dirt or moisture;
- (c) the cover is stable in the fully open position avoiding any tendency to close during use;
- (d) when fully open, the cover is far removed

since the aerosol vial will simply extend through the top of the protective casing.

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since the proximity of the user's facial airways, and to restrict or breakage at the actuation point resulting from accident or clumsy handling, etc.

7. Inhalation device comprising:

(a) an inhaler including a housing which comprises a mouthpiece and actuation means to prevent dispensing from the reservoir until a patient is ready to inhale through the mouthpiece, and

(b) a protective casing surrounding the inhaler, the casing comprising a body portion and a movable cover which may be displaced to allow a patient access to the mouthpiece to use the inhaler, causing relative movement of the inhaler and a blisting means while the protective casing thereby cooling the inhaler ready for use, characterized in that the cover is pivotally attached to said casing and a cooling link is pivotally mounted at one end (8) to the cover (3) has a portion (9,10) in pivot engagement with the inhaler or blisting means, such that the pivot points (8,17) of the cooling link (7) and the pivot point of the cover to the casing (2) pass through a straight line position to an overcenter position at which the inhaler device is cooled.

The relative positions of the pivot points (8) and (10) allow the cover (3) to be shaped such that, when the cover is closed, the protective casing fully envelopes the inhaler restricting the ingress of contaminants.

Figures 6 and 7 of the accompanying drawings illustrate a breath-activated inhaler in accordance with the invention in which the protective casing (1) may be modified to accommodate aerosol vials of different sizes. The body portion (20) of the casing (1) is openable at a step (16) through which a second vial (21) may be accommodated. The second vial (21) which accommodates the second vial (20) extends which accommodates the second vial (20) shown. A series of shrouds (22) may be fabricated having different lengths and, possibly, stepped diameters, in order to accommodate various sizes of aerosol vials.

Whereas a cooling link may be positioned within the top of the shroud (22) (in a similar manner to the cooling link (15) shown in Figure 4), to absorb and reduce the cooling force applied when the cover (3) is opened, a cooling spring (23) external to the shroud (22) may be employed. The shroud (22) is provided with a frame (24) and cooling spring (23) is positioned around the shroud (22) extending between the frame (24) and a cap (25) at the top of the protective casing (1). When the cover (3) is opened, the breath-activated inhaler, together with the shroud (22) is lifted (Figure 7) compressing cooling spring (23). When the patient breathes through the inhaler, the breath-activated mechanism is triggered causing the shroud (22) and aerosol vial (21) to move downwards in a straight line position to an overcenter position at which the inhaler device is cooled.

2. An inhalation device as claimed in Claim 1 in which the cooling link portion is in pivot engagement with the inhaler.

3. An inhalation device as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2 in which the inhaler comprises an aerosol vial containing propellant and medicament and equipped with a dispensing valve.

4. An inhalation device as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2 in which the inhaler comprises a dry powder inhaler.

5. An inhalation device as claimed in any preceding claim in which the cooling link portion is used to define the straight line position of the portion of the cooling link engaging the inhaler.

6. An inhalation device as claimed in Claim 5 in which the cooling link includes at least one guide arm engaging a slot or recess in the protective casing in either the direction of movement of the portion of the cooling link engaging the inhaler.

7. An inhalation device as claimed in any preceding claim in which the cooling link portion is used to define the straight line position of the portion of the cooling link engaging the inhaler.

8. An inhalation device as claimed in any preceding

chain in which the movable cover passes through at least 15° to the fully open position.

10. An inhalation device as claimed in any preceding claim in which the inhaler comprises a cylindrical vial and dispensing valve intended to be used in a substantially vertical position with the valve towards.

11. An inhalation device as claimed in any preceding claim in which the cover is shaped such that when the cover is closed the protective casing completely envelopes the inhaler restricting the ingress of contaminants.

12. An inhalation device as claimed in any preceding claim in which the inhaler is breath activated.

13. An inhalation device as claimed in any preceding claim in which the bleeding means is selected from a compression spring or a deformable elastic member.

14. An inhalation device as claimed in any preceding claim in which the inhaler comprises a aerosol vial and the protective casing comprises a shroud surrounding the aerosol vial.

15. An inhalation device as claimed in Claim 14 in which the shroud is movable within the remainder of the protective casing and spring biased to urge the aerosol vial towards a spring position.

16. A protective casing for an inhaler, which casing comprises:

(a) a body portion defining a chamber adapted to house an inhaler therein, the chamber including bleeding means for cooling said inhaler, and
(b) a movable cover which may be displaced to allow a patient access to said inhaler, characterized in that the bleeding means is pneumatically actuated by a piston, and a cooling fin is pneumatically mounted at one end in the cover and has a piston adapted to provide a pneumatic engagement with said inhaler or bleeding means, wherein the casing is constructed and arranged such that opening of the cover causes movement of the cooling fin and inhaler relative to the bleeding means, in which the pivot points of the cooling fin and the pivot point of the cover to the casing pass through a straight line position to an overtravel position, which movement may be used to cause relative movement between the inhaler and bleeding means, thereby cooling the inhaler.

17. A protective casing as claimed in Claim 16 having one or more of the features as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 15.

18. A protective casing as claimed in Claim 16 substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

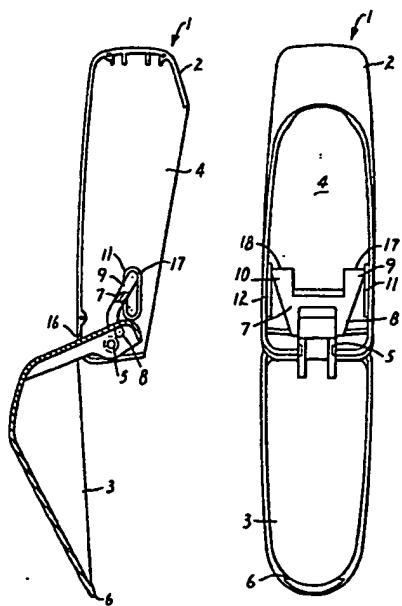
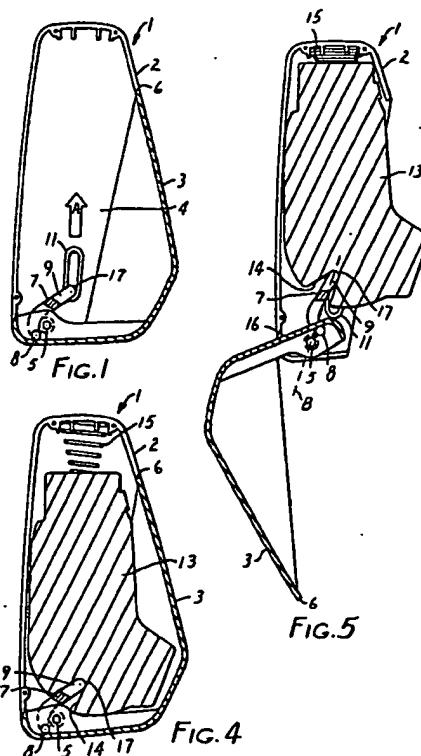


FIG. 2

FIG. 3

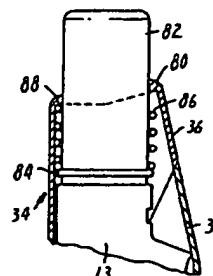


FIG. 6

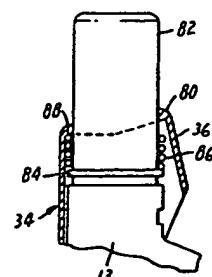


FIG. 7



EUROPEAN
SEARCH
REPORT

Application Number
EP 90 31 2376

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		Classification of the application (a.o.)	
Category	Character of document (see below, where appropriate, of previous columns)		Category of document
A	FR-A-2 023 321 (RÖCKER LAB. INC) " Page 2, lines 13-22, page 10, lines 10-38 "	1.18	A 61 M 1500
A	DE-A-1 917 012 (REXALL) " Page 8, lines 3-4, page 7, last paragraph "	1	
A	FR-A-2 023 548 (GLAXO GROUP LTD) " Page 4, lines 15-38 "	1.18	

The present search report has been drawn up for all claims

Place of search	Date of examination of search	Examiner
The Hague	07 January 81	GERARD B.E.

EXPLANATION OF CODES (DOCUMENTS)

1.1	published document, not published on, or after the filing date
1.11	document cited in connection with another document
1.12	document cited in connection with a patent application
1.13	technological document
1.14	commercial documents
1.15	other documents
1.16	works or prints made under the inspection

EXPLANATION OF CODES (SEARCHES)

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2.2	document cited in the application
2.3	document cited in another document
2.4	document cited in a patent application
2.5	earlier patent application, corresponding document